

Exhibit H

Reorganization Value Analysis

VALUATION OF THE REORGANIZED DEBTORS

At the Debtors' request, Moelis & Company LLC ("**Moelis**"), as financial advisor to the Debtors, performed a valuation analysis of the Reorganized Debtors. Based upon and subject to the review and analysis described herein, and subject to the assumptions, limitations and qualifications described herein, Moelis' view, as of October 11, 2010, was that the estimated going concern enterprise value of the Reorganized Debtors, as of October 11, 2010, was in a range between \$680 million and \$740 million with a midpoint of \$710 million. Based upon such estimated range of the enterprise values of the Reorganized Debtors, the Debtors have calculated an estimated range of equity values for the Reorganized Debtors of approximately \$189 million to \$249 million with a midpoint of \$219 million. Moelis' views are necessarily based on economic, monetary, market and other conditions as in effect on, and the information made available to Moelis as of the date of its analysis (October 11, 2010). It should be understood that, although subsequent developments may affect Moelis' views, Moelis does not have any obligation to update, revise or reaffirm its estimate.

Moelis' analysis is based, at the Debtors' direction, on a number of assumptions, including, among other assumptions, that (i) the Debtors will be reorganized in accordance with the Plan which will be effective on or prior to December 31, 2010, (ii) the Reorganized Debtors will achieve the Forecast (as defined in Exhibit "G" to this Disclosure Statement) provided to Moelis by the Debtors for fiscal years 2011 to 2015; (iii) Reorganized Debtors' capitalization and available cash will be as set forth in the Plan and this Disclosure Statement (in particular, the pro forma indebtedness of Reorganized Debtors as of the Effective Date will be a maximum of \$525 million) and (iv) Reorganized Debtors will be able to obtain all future financings, on the terms and at the times, necessary to achieve the Forecast. Moelis makes no representation as to the achievability or reasonableness of such assumptions.

Moelis assumed, at the Debtors' direction, that the Forecast prepared by the Debtors' management was reasonably prepared on a basis reflecting the best currently available estimates and judgments of the Debtors' management as to the future financial and operating performance of the Reorganized Debtors. The future results of the Reorganized Debtors are dependent upon various factors, many of which are beyond the control or knowledge of the Debtors, and consequently are inherently difficult to forecast. See "Pro Forma Financial Forecast Analysis," a copy of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "G." The Reorganized Debtors' actual future results may differ materially (positively or negatively) from the Forecast and as a result, the actual enterprise value of the Reorganized Debtors may be significantly higher or lower than the estimated range herein. Among other things, failure to consummate the Plan in a timely manner may have a materially negative impact on the enterprise value of the Reorganized Debtors.

The estimated enterprise value in this section represents a hypothetical enterprise value of the Reorganized Debtors as the continuing operators of the business and assets of the Debtors, after giving effect to the Plan, based on the application of certain generally accepted valuation methodologies as described below. The estimated enterprise value in this section does not purport to constitute an appraisal or necessarily reflect the actual market value that might be realized through a sale or liquidation of the Reorganized Debtors, its securities or its assets, which may be significantly higher or lower than the estimated enterprise value range herein. The actual value of an operating business such as the Reorganized Debtors' business is subject to uncertainties and contingencies that are difficult to predict and will fluctuate with changes in various factors affecting the financial condition and prospects of such a business.

In conducting its analysis, Moelis, among other things: (i) reviewed certain publicly available business and financial information relating to the Reorganized Debtors that Moelis deemed relevant; (ii) reviewed certain internal information relating to the business, earnings, cash flow, assets, liabilities and prospects of the Reorganized Debtors, including the Forecast, furnished to us by the Debtors; (iii) conducted

discussions with members of senior management and representatives of the Debtors concerning the matters described in clauses (i) and (ii) of this paragraph, as well as their views concerning the Debtors' business and prospects before and after giving effect to the Plan; (iv) reviewed publicly available financial and stock market data, including valuation multiples, for certain other companies in lines of business that Moelis deemed relevant; (v) reviewed a draft of the Plan prior to the date of our analysis; and (vi) conducted such other financial studies and analyses and took into account such other information as we deemed appropriate. In connection with its review, Moelis did not assume any responsibility for independent verification of any of the information supplied to, discussed with, or reviewed by Moelis and, with the consent of the Debtors, relied on such information being complete and accurate in all material respects. In addition, at the direction of the Debtors, Moelis did not make any independent evaluation or appraisal of any of the assets or liabilities (contingent, derivative, off-balance-sheet, or otherwise) of the Reorganized Debtors, nor was Moelis furnished with any such evaluation or appraisal. Moelis also assumed, with the Debtors' consent, that the final form of the Plan does not differ in any respect material to its analysis from the draft that Moelis reviewed.

The estimated enterprise value in this section does not constitute a recommendation to any holder of a Claim as to how such person should vote or otherwise act with respect to the Plan. Moelis has not been asked to and does not express any view as to what the trading value of the Reorganized Debtors' securities would be when issued pursuant to the Plan or the prices at which they may trade in the future. The estimated enterprise value set forth herein does not constitute an opinion as to fairness from a financial point of view to any person of the consideration to be received by such person under the Plan or of the terms and provisions of the Plan.

Valuation Methodologies

In preparing its valuation, Moelis performed a variety of financial analyses and considered a variety of factors. The following is a brief summary of the material financial analyses performed by Moelis, which consisted of (a) a selected publicly traded companies analysis, (b) a selected transactions analysis and (c) a discounted cash flow analysis. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of the analyses performed and factors considered by Moelis. The preparation of a valuation analysis is a complex analytical process involving various judgmental determinations as to the most appropriate and relevant methods of financial analysis and the application of those methods to particular facts and circumstances, and such analyses and judgments are not readily susceptible to summary description.

A. ***Selected Publicly Traded Companies Analysis.*** The selected publicly traded companies valuation analysis is based on the enterprise values of selected publicly traded companies that have operating and financial characteristics comparable in certain respects to the Reorganized Debtors, for example, comparable lines of business, business risks, growth prospects, market presence and size and scale of operations. Under this methodology, certain financial multiples and ratios that measure financial performance and value are calculated for each selected company and then applied to the Reorganized Debtors' Forecast to imply an enterprise value for the Reorganized Debtors. Moelis used, among other measures, enterprise value (defined as market value of equity plus book value of debt, book value of preferred stock and minority interests less cash, subject to adjustment where appropriate) for each selected company as a multiple of such company's publicly available projected EBITDA. Although the selected companies were used for comparison purposes, no selected company is either identical or directly comparable to the business of the Reorganized Debtors. Accordingly, Moelis' comparison of the selected companies to the business of the Reorganized Debtors and analysis of the results of such comparisons was not purely mathematical, but instead necessarily involved complex considerations and judgments concerning differences in financial and operating characteristics and other factors that could affect the relative values of the selected companies and the Reorganized Debtors. The selection of appropriate companies for analysis is a matter of judgment and subject to

limitations due to sample size and the public availability of meaningful market-based information. There are no publicly traded pure-play magazine publishers. The most relevant and comparable companies to the Reorganized Debtors are either not publicly traded or are divisions of publicly traded companies whose operations and financial reporting include other less comparable lines of business.

- B. ***Selected Transactions Analysis.*** The selected transactions analysis is based on the enterprise values of companies involved in public merger and acquisition transactions that have operating and financial characteristics comparable in certain respects to the Reorganized Debtors. Under this methodology, the enterprise value of each such company is determined by an analysis of the consideration paid and the debt assumed in the merger or acquisition transaction. The enterprise value is then applied to the target's last twelve month EBITDA prior to the transaction announcement date to calculate an EBITDA multiple. These multiples (to the extent available) would then be applied to the Reorganized Debtors' last twelve month EBITDA to imply an enterprise value for the Reorganized Debtors.

Unlike the selected publicly traded companies analysis, the enterprise valuation derived using this methodology reflects a "control" premium (i.e., a premium paid to purchase a majority or controlling position in a company's assets). Thus, this methodology generally produces higher valuations than the selected publicly traded companies analysis. In addition, other factors not directly related to a company's business operations can affect a valuation in a transaction, including, among others factors: (a) circumstances surrounding a merger transaction may introduce "diffusive quantitative results" into the analysis (i.e., a buyer may pay an additional premium for reasons that are not solely related to competitive bidding); (b) the market environment is not identical for transactions occurring at different periods of time; (c) the sale of a discrete asset or segment may warrant a discount or premium to the sale of an entire company depending on the specific operational circumstances of the seller and acquirer; and (d) circumstances pertaining to the financial position of the company may have an impact on the resulting purchase price (i.e., a company in financial distress may receive a lower price due to perceived weakness in its bargaining leverage).

Moelis evaluated various merger and acquisition transactions that have occurred in the magazine publishing industry over the past eight years. Over that time period, there were a limited number of transactions, and of those that are relevant, limited financial information was disclosed. In addition, many of these transactions occurred under materially different capital market and operating conditions from those prevailing currently. For these reasons, Moelis did not rely on the selected transactions analysis in its analysis of the Reorganized Debtors' enterprise value.

- C. ***Discounted Cash Flow Analysis.*** The discounted cash flow ("***DCF***") analysis is a forward-looking enterprise valuation methodology that estimates the value of an asset or business by calculating the present value of expected future cash flows to be generated by that asset or business. Moelis' DCF analysis used the Reorganized Debtors' Forecast of its debt-free, after-tax cash flows for the period covered by the Forecast and estimated a range of terminal values for the period after the Forecast period. These cash flows and estimated terminal values were then discounted at a range of appropriate weighted average costs of capital, which are determined by reference to, among other things the average cost of debt and equity of selected publicly traded companies. The discounted cash flow analysis involves complex considerations and judgments concerning appropriate terminal values and discount rates.

Valuation Considerations

As a result of the foregoing, the estimated enterprise value in this section is not necessarily indicative of actual value, which may be significantly higher or lower than the estimate herein. Accordingly, none of

the Debtors, Moelis or any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy of such estimated enterprise value. Depending on the actual financial results of the Debtors or changes in the financial markets, the enterprise value of the Reorganized Debtors as of the Effective Date may differ from the estimated enterprise value set forth herein as of October 11, 2010. In addition, the market prices, to the extent there is a market, of Reorganized Debtor's securities will depend upon, among other things, prevailing interest rates, conditions in the financial markets, the investment decisions of prepetition creditors receiving such securities under the Plan (some of whom may prefer to liquidate their investment rather than hold it on a long-term basis), and other factors that generally influence the prices of securities.